

To target an annual income return of

2.5%, with a secondary objective of

growing capital. While a 2.5% annual

income return is targeted, the actual

Income drawing investors who want to

invest in a fund that aims to earn 2.5%

income per year. Subject to this being achieved, investors also want capital

growth over time. Given the level of

targeted income return, it's likely that

the real value of capital after targeted

income drawdowns will grow over the

The Fund invests in a flexible mix of local and foreign equity, bonds, property and cash. The Fund can also invest in derivatives and other collective investment schemes. The Fund is not managed to conform to the regulations governing retirement fund investments

(Reg. 28). The Fund is not limited in terms of allocation to asset classes, currencies

The income earned from the Fund's

underlying assets will be distributed

quarterly. Typically, investors will reinvest

these distributions. Regular drawdowns,

Investment mandate

Fund facts

Fund objective

income return may vary.

Investor profile

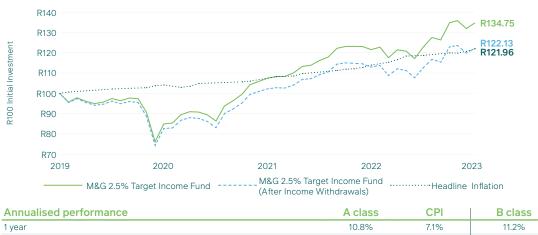
long term.

M&G 2.5% Target Income Fund

Target Income

April 2023

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



	7101000	011	E class
1 year	10.8%	7.1%	11.2%
2 years	12.0%	6.5%	12.4%
3 years	16.6%	5.4%	17.0%
Since inception	7.7%	5.1%	-

Re	turns since inception ¹	A class	Date
Highest annualised return		39.1%	31 Mar 2021
Lov	vest annualised return	-15.1%	30 Apr 2020
Το	o 10 holdings as at 31 Mar 2023		
1.	Naspers Ltd/Prosus NV		6.0%
2.	Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 310332 (R2	4.3%	
З.	Republic of SA Bond 9.00% 310140 (R2	3.2%	
4.	Standard Bank Group Ltd	2.7%	
5. Republic of SA Bond 8.00% 310130 (R2030)			2.6%
6. MTN Group Ltd			2.5%
7.	7. Republic of SA Bond 7.00% 280231 (R2032)		2.4%
8.	8. Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 310137 (R2037)		2.4%
9.	9. Absa Group Ltd		2.2%
10.	Richemont		2.0%
Ris	k measures		A class

RISK measures	A class
Monthly volatility (annualised)	14.1%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-23.8%
% of positive rolling 12 months	75.7%
Information Ratio	1.1
Sortino Ratio	2.5
Sharpe Ratio	1.2

Comparison of Target Income Funds	2.5%	5%	7%
Exposure to growth assets	Higher	Medium	Lower
Exposure to income assets	Lower	Medium	Higher
Risk of not receiving targeted income return	Lower	Medium	Higher
Potential to grow invested capital	Higher	Medium	Lower
Likely volatility of total returns	Higher	Medium	Lower
Investment options		A Class	B Class
Minimum lump sum investment		R10 000	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order		n/a	n/a
Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT)		A Class	B Class
M&G ²		1.15%	0.85%
Expenses (incl. VAT)		A Class	B Class
Total Expense Ratio (TER)		1.69%	1.35%
Transaction Costs (TC) ³		0.12%	0.12%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)		1.81%	1.47%

¹12-month rolling performance figure

¹² The Fund can invest portions of its assets into underlying foreign investments (incl. investments into Africa). This would mainly be achieved by investing into the sub-funds of the M&G (South Africa) Global Funds ICAV and the M&G Africa Equity Fund. These funds will charge an additional asset management fee which is included in the Fund's NAV and

the Fund's TER. The Manager receives a marketing and distribution fee in respect of the M&G (South Africa) Global Funds. ^a Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).

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SA Equity

Asset allocation

- SA ILBs
- Foreign Equity
 SA Bonds (ex. ILBs) 28.5 % 17.2 % 5.7 % Foreign Bonds SA Cash 3.4 % SA Listed Property 3.1 % 1.7 % Cash Africa Equity 0.9 % • Foreign Property 0.5 % 0.2 %

38.7 %

- which could be made monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly, will be funded through the sale of units. **Fund managers**

David Knee

or geographies.

Income distribution

Michael Moyle Sandile Malinga Leonard Krüger

ASISA category

Worldwide - Multi Asset - Unclassified **Primary objective**

2.5% Income return p.a

Inception date 2 April 2019

Fund size R104 779 337



M&G 2.5% Target Income Fund

Income Distributions ⁴	A Class	B Class	
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield	
31 March 2023	0.51 cpu 2.26%	0.63 cpu 2.58%	
31 December 2022	0.68 cpu 2.13%	0.79 cpu 2.46%	
30 September 2022	1.09 cpu 2.46%	1.21 cpu 2.81%	
30 June 2022	0.51 cpu 2.37%	0.61 cpu 2.71%	

Fund commentary

Global equities and bonds posted broadly positive returns in April as positive investor sentiment outweighed growth concerns and lingering worries over US regional bank stability. Markets were bolstered by growing expectations that the US Federal Reserve would likely pause its aggressive rate hiking cycle after an expected 25bp increase in early May, as well as generally positive company earnings results. In the US, consumer prices increased by 5% y/y in March, slower than February's 6% y/y. US GDP growth slowed to an annual rate of 1.1% in Q1 2023, down from the annual rate of 2.6% recorded in Q4 2022. This data points to a slowing economy with increasing expectations that the US will enter a recession this year. In the UK, Q1 real GDP grew at a more-robust-than-expected 1.1% q/q, while CPI rose by 10.1% y/y in March 2023, down from 10.4% in February. Turning to the Eurozone, consumer prices are decreasing rapidly, but core prices remain stubbornly high. Market expectations are for at least a 25 basis point hike by the European Central Bank in May in continued efforts to drive down inflation. Official data released late-April indicated that the eurozone eked out just 0.1% GDP growth over Q1 2023, citing high inflation and interest rates as factors dampening economic output.

Against the backdrop of sticky inflation globally, the Chinese inflation dichotomy continues. China's consumer price index increased by only 0.7% y/y (an 18-month low) in March, below the 1% expectation. The People's Bank of China continues to cut interest rates and inject cash into the financial system to bolster economic growth. China's economic recovery continues in earnest, with GDP having grown by 4.5% in Q1 2023, exceeding expectations of 4%. China appears to be on track to achieve its 5% growth target for 2023. Japan's CPI rose 3.5% y/y in April, higher than the 3.2% reported in March. In Governor Kazuo Ueda's maiden monetary policy meeting, the committee left interest rates unchanged and continued with the central bank's ultra-loose monetary policy stance. On the local front, inflation remained sticky, with CPI increasing to 7.1% y/y in March, from 7.0% the previous month. The SARB downwardly adjusted its growth forecast for 2023 from 0.3% to 0.2%. Meanwhile, manufacturing activity declined for the third straight month in April, but less than previous months: the Absa PMI came in at 49.8 points, up from an eight-month low of 48.1 in March (below the 50 point level indicating a contraction). Lastly, at a recently held investment conference, President Ramaphosa managed to secure over R360 billion from local and international investors. In April, the FTSE/JSE All Share Index returned 3.4% and the FTSE/JSE All Property Index delivered 5.8%. The FTSE/JSE All Bond Index returned -1.1%, inflation-linked bonds (the Composite ILB Index) posted 0.4%, and cash as measured by the STeFI Composite Index delivered 0.6%. Looking at global market returns (in US\$), the MSCI All Country World Index delivered 1.5%, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index returned 0.4%, while the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REIT Index posted 1.5%. The rand weakened 3.0% against the US dollar, and 4.7% against both the euro and pound sterling.

Contributing the most to absolute performance for the month was the fund's exposure to SA equities (excluding property), foreign equities (excluding property) and foreign bonds (excluding inflation-linked bonds).

Glossarv

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12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gain distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Intended maximum limits	This indicates the Fund's intended maximum exposure to an asset class. These limits may be reviewed subject to the Fund's Supplemental Deed and/or Regulation 28 for those Funds managed in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Regulation 28	The South African retirement fund industry is governed by the Pension Funds Act, No 24 of 1956. Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act prescribes the maximum limits in asset classes that an approved retirement fund may invest in.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Unit class	M&G's Funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.

April 2023

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Contact us

Invest now

Application forms

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

Disclaimer

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Collective Investment Schemes Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund calses: that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees is available on our website. One can also obtain additional information on M&G products on the M&G website. The Fund may hold foreign securities including foreign CIS funds. As a result, the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the fund may be higher and maket conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Turther, the return on the security may be affected (positively or negatively) by the difference in tax regimes betwent the domestic and